Differences in Stay At Home Executive Orders 2020-21 and 2020-42

Individuals

- Workers do not need to carry designation that they are critical workers when leaving home or residence for work.
- Recycling and composting are added to the exception allowing trash pick-up.
- Outdoor activity is replaced with “outdoor physical activity” which includes “walking, hiking, running, cycling, kayaking, canoeing, or other similar physical activity, as well as any comparable activity for those with limited mobility.”
- People are now allowed to travel to obtain necessary services or supplies for the pets in addition to themselves, their families, household members or vehicles.
- To the extent it is safe, individuals should limit the number of household members who leave the home for errands.
- People are permitted to leave home to attend funerals, provided there are no more than 10 people in attendance at the funeral.
- Travel between two residences is eliminated after April 10.
- Travel to vacation rentals is prohibited.

Businesses and critical infrastructure workers

- CISA guidance from 3/19/20 is still followed. (Note: this is not the guidance of 3/28/20 that added gun shops). The EO specifically states that any subsequent CISA guidance to the 3/19/20 order is not adopted.
- Critical infrastructure workers added:
  - At retail stores who sell groceries, medical supplies, and products necessary to maintain the safety, sanitation, and basic operation of residences, including convenience stores, pet supply stores, auto supplies and repair stores, hardware and home maintenance stores, and home appliance retailers.
  - Laundromats, coin operated laundry, dry cleaners
  - Hotels and motels-cannot provide additional in-house amenities such as gyms, pools, spas, dining, entertainment facilities, meeting rooms, or like facilities.
  - Motor vehicle dealerships who are necessary to facilitate remote and electronic sales or leases, or to deliver motor vehicles to customers, provided that showrooms remain closed to in-person traffic.

Businesses and government agencies continuing in person work must adhere to social distancing practices and measures including but not limited to:
• Develop a COVID-19 response plan consistent with OSHA recommendations. The plan must be available at the worksite or company headquarters.
• Restrict number of workers on premises to only those strictly necessary.
• Promote remote work to the fullest extent possible.
• Workers and patrons on site remain six feet from one another to fullest extent possible.
• Increase facility cleaning and disinfection to limit worker and patron exposure to COVID-19. Adopt a protocol to clean and disinfect in the event of a positive case in the workplace.
• Have policies to prevent worker access if displaying respiratory symptoms or had contact with a person with a confirmed COVID-19 diagnosis.
• Any other social distancing and mitigation measures recommended by CDC.

Stores remaining open must:

• Establish lines to regulate entry with markings to enable patrons to stand at least six feet apart.
• Consider establishing curbside pickup
• Stores under 500,000 sq. ft. must limit number of customers in the store at one time to 25% of state or local fire marshal limits.
• Stores 500,000 or more must:
  o Limit number of customers in store at one time (excluding employees) to 4 people per 1,000 square feet of customer floor space. Customer floor space must be calculated to exclude store areas required to be closed.
  o Close areas of the store—by cordoning them off, placing signs in aisles, posting prominent signs, removing goods from shelves, or other appropriate means—that are dedicated to these classes of goods:
    ▪ Carpet or flooring.
    ▪ Furniture.
    ▪ Garden centers and plant nurseries.
    ▪ Paint.
• By April 13, 2020, refrain from the advertising or promotion of goods that are not groceries, medical supplies, or items that are necessary to maintain the safety, sanitation, and basic operation of residences.
• Create at least two hours per week of dedicated shopping time for vulnerable populations (People over 60, pregnant women, and those with chronic conditions like heart disease, diabetes, and lung disease.)
• MDHHS may issue emergency orders varying capacity limits noted above as necessary to protect public health.
General

- Advertising of or renting short term vacation property is prohibited except to the extent necessary to assist housing a health care professional or volunteer that is aiding in COVID-19 response.
- A place of religious worship, when used for religious worship, is not subject to criminal penalties.

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